



Teen Digital Citizenship Guide

A practical guide for parents navigating the digital world with teens ages 13-18. Building trust, setting boundaries, and fostering healthy online habits together.

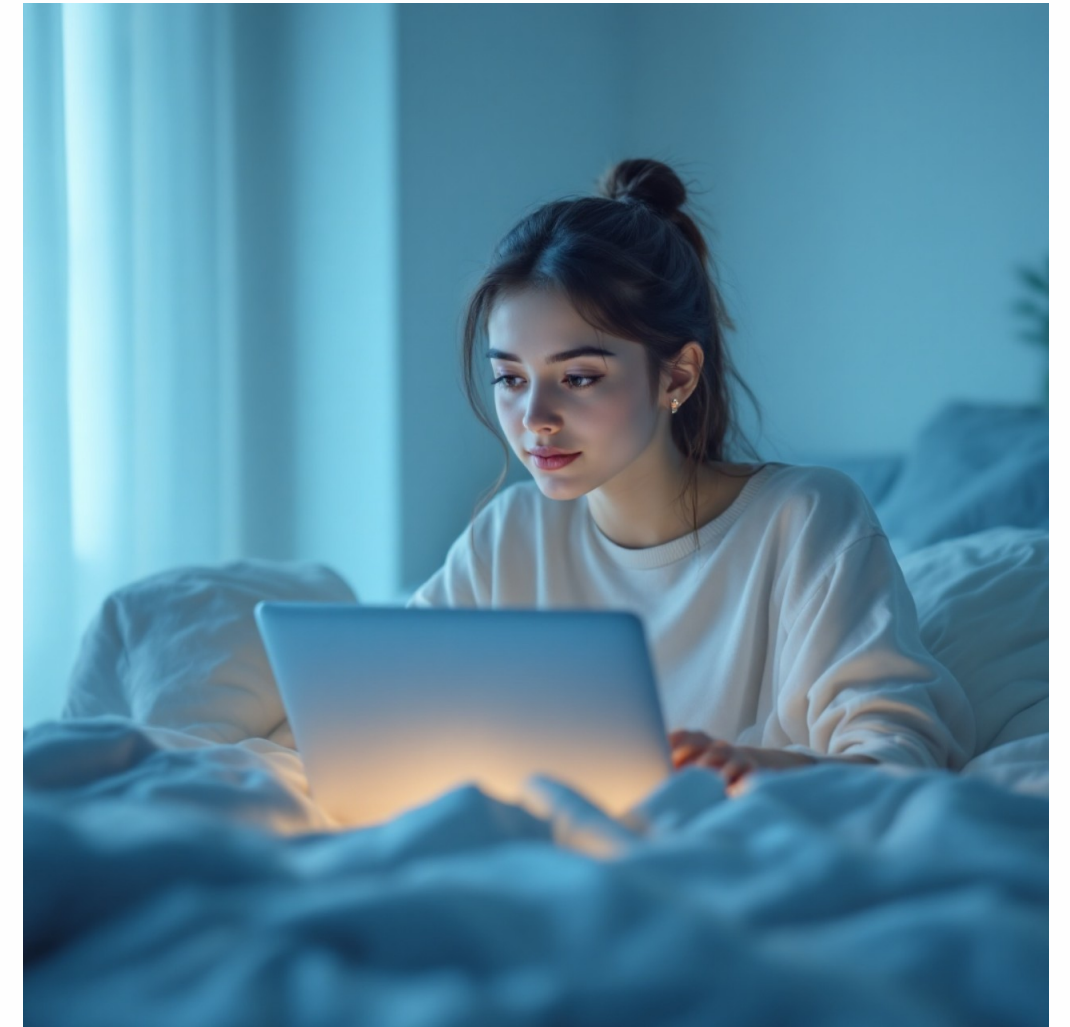
Understanding Your Teen's Digital World

Today's teens are digital natives, spending an average of 7-9 hours daily on screens. Their online lives are deeply intertwined with identity development, social connections, and self-expression.

Rather than viewing technology as purely threatening, understand it as a complex environment where teens learn, create, connect, and sometimes struggle—just like the physical world.

Key Insight

The goal isn't to eliminate technology, but to help teens develop wisdom, resilience, and healthy habits that will serve them throughout life.



Social Media Platforms Teens Use

Understanding where your teen spends time online is the first step to meaningful conversations about digital safety.

TikTok

Short video content, trends, and creative expression. Highly addictive algorithm keeps teens scrolling for hours.

Instagram

Photo sharing, stories, and reels. Strong emphasis on visual presentation and curated lifestyles.

Snapchat

Ephemeral messaging and stories. Popular for private communication with perceived privacy.

Discord

Gaming communities and group chats. Can connect with strangers in public servers.



CHAPTER 3

Digital Footprint & Online Reputation

01

Everything is Permanent

Screenshots, archives, and shares mean "deleted" content can resurface years later. College admissions and employers regularly review social media.

02

Privacy Settings Matter

Public profiles are searchable by anyone. Teach teens to audit privacy settings quarterly and think carefully about what they share publicly.

03

Build Positive Presence

Encourage teens to curate content that reflects their values and aspirations. Digital citizenship includes contributing positively to online communities.



Parent Tip: Google your teen's name periodically together. Make it a collaborative learning experience, not surveillance.

Cyberbullying: Recognition & Response

Warning Signs

- Sudden withdrawal from devices or secretive behavior
- Emotional distress after using phone or computer
- Declining grades or reluctance to attend school
- Changes in sleep patterns or mood swings
- Avoiding social situations they previously enjoyed

How to Respond

Listen without judgment - Create safe space for sharing

Document everything - Screenshots are crucial evidence

Don't retaliate - Responding to bullies escalates situations

Report to platforms - Use built-in reporting tools

Involve school - Most cyberbullying involves classmates

Remember: Cyberbullying is never the victim's fault. Your support and belief in your teen is the most powerful tool for helping them heal and move forward.

Online Relationships & Stranger Danger 2.0



Gaming Communities

Voice chat and team play create genuine friendships, but also expose teens to strangers. Discuss which personal details should never be shared.



Online Dating

Many teens experiment with dating apps despite age restrictions. Catfishing, grooming, and manipulation are real risks requiring open dialogue.



Meeting IRL

If your teen wants to meet an online friend in person, insist on public places, your presence, and verification of identity beforehand.

Privacy & Reputation Management



Personal Information

Never share: full name with location, school name, home address, phone number, financial information, or real-time location data publicly.



Photo Metadata

Photos contain hidden location data and timestamps. Teach teens to disable location services for camera apps and review what they're revealing.



Account Security

Use strong, unique passwords for each platform. Enable two-factor authentication. Never share login credentials, even with close friends.



Regular Audits

Quarterly review: privacy settings, follower lists, tagged photos, and old posts. Delete or private anything that doesn't reflect current values.

Trust vs. Monitoring: Finding Balance

Building Trust

- Establish clear expectations together, not imposed rules from above
- Earn the right to know by being non-judgmental when they share struggles
- Respect privacy while maintaining safety—teens need space to grow
- Focus on teaching judgment rather than preventing every mistake

Appropriate Oversight

- Know passwords and occasionally check accounts, with their knowledge
- Use parental controls as training wheels, not permanent restrictions
- Pay attention to behavioral changes and screen time patterns
- Gradually increase freedom as teens demonstrate responsible behavior

"The goal is raising adults who make wise choices, not children who are perfectly controlled."

Having the Conversation

Make it Ongoing

Digital citizenship isn't one talk—it's continuous dialogue. Bring up news stories, ask about their experiences, share your own struggles with technology.

Listen More Than Lecture

Ask open-ended questions about their online world. Understand before you judge. Teens will share more when they don't fear punishment.

Be Vulnerable

Share your own digital mistakes and learning experiences. Model the behavior you want to see. Admit when you don't have all the answers.



Conversation Starter: "I saw this article about [digital topic]. What's your take on it?" - Opens dialogue without interrogation.



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